EFFORTS SAVE AN ICON

An earthquake's tremors set in motion a frantic 24-hour effort to secure a sacred statue By Erik Highland

t 1:51 p.m. on Wednesday, Aug. 23, 2011, an earthquake with a 5.8 magnitude rocked the East Coast. It was followed by two smaller aftershocks of 2.8 and 2.2 magnitudes. On the whole, structural damage throughout the region was fairly limited given the wide scope of the quake.

But, as the world soon discovered, several national structures were damaged, such as the Washington Monument and the National Cathedral in Washington, D.C. And more than 140 miles to the northeast of these well-known edifices, a national treasure in Camden, N.J., was teetering on the brink of disaster.

A FLURRY OF FAST ACTIONS

At the Our Lady of Lourdes Medical Center, the earthquake had caused sections of a 30-foot, 15-ton statue of the Virgin Mary to shift. A crack rippled down the statue's side, and pieces had broken off, toppling to the ground.

Walt Wenner, operations manager at the hospital, was understandably concerned. "The big fear was that an aftershock would topple the 62-year-old statue of Mother Mary, not only breaking the iconic figure but endangering patrons of the medical center," he said. Thus, the morning after the quake, Wenner was on the phone with the emergency services unit of Superior

TIMELINE OF A RESCUE

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 23, 2011

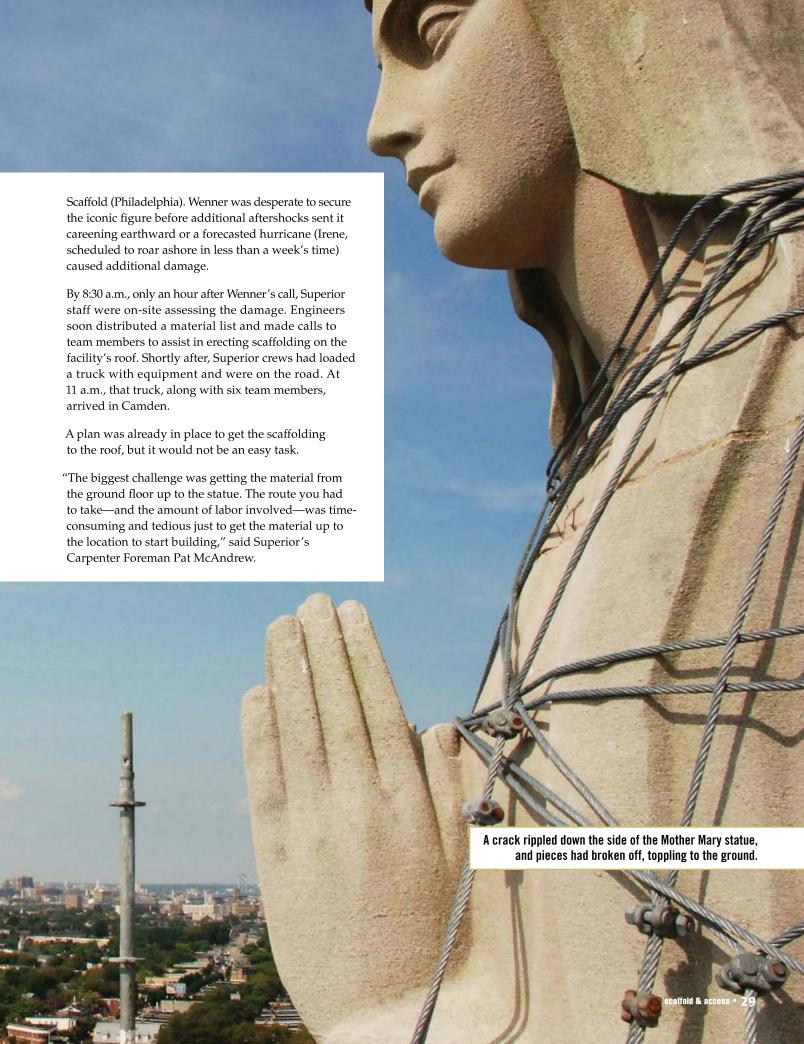
1:15 p.m. Earthquake jolts East Coast of United States.

THURSDAY, AUG. 24

- 7:30 a.m. Walt Wenner, operations manager of Our Lady of Lourdes Medical Center (Camden, N.J.), calls Superior Scaffold.
- 8:30 a.m. Superior crews begin assessing damage to Mother Mary statue. Call for materials list and additional crew members.
- 11 a.m. Equipment truck and six team members arrive to begin building scaffold to secure iconic figure.

FRIDAY, AUG. 25

3 a.m. Scaffold crews finish erection task.



To assemble the scaffold, crews delivered equipment to the rear of the hospital where they loaded it into a freight elevator. They ascended to the eighth floor, the highest point to which the elevator travelled. Next, they moved the materials, by hand, down a long hallway, up two flights of winding stairs and out a door to the second roof portion. There, they built a 15-foot jump tower via which they could hand-pass the rest of the material up to the lower roof—but not to begin construction. This was only the location at which they would stockpile all of the scaffolding.

Crews then had to build a small tower off which they could hang a rope and wheel at the statue's base to begin hoisting materials up to the statue, where scaffold assembly could finally begin.

Transporting materials was only half the challenge. Other issues further complicated crews' efforts. McAndrew said, "One issue was that when we were halfway done building [the scaffold], the wind started blowing to the point that I was almost ready to shut it down." Another complication: Lack of visibility. Dusk had passed and night had settled in long before crews were done erecting the scaffold. "We finished up at 3 a.m.," McAndrew noted. And while crews had four spotlights with

which to work, three were directed at the statue itself, leaving only one to illuminate the scaffold erection.

Making the job even more challenging, time constraints did not allow for the development of blueprints or engineers' directions to guide crews' efforts. "We didn't know if it was going to topple over on us as we were building, so we were trying to get it done as quickly as possible," McAndrew explained, adding that crews were "pretty much flying by the seat of our pants."

WORKING UNTIL THE WEE HOURS

Despite the desperate situation and the fast-moving pace, less than 24 hours after receiving the emergency call, Superior's team had finished the job.

Wenner was more than pleased. "Our biggest concern was aftershocks, but we also knew that we had another hurricane coming up the East Coast on Sunday." So getting the statue secured was paramount. Plus, Wenner said hospital executives were eager to re-open the main entrance to the hospital. "I thought that Pat and his crew at Superior Scaffold did a wonderful job. I was impressed with their rapid response and their effort over that long night. They were both productive and efficient."

Since that first fateful 24 hours, Superior returned to the job to add another level of scaffolding to the existing structure. The

